NASA SBIR/STTR Technologies



Closed Loop Waste Processing Dryer (DRYER) PI: Dr. Robert C. Morrow/ORBITEC-Madison, WI Proposal No. 03-T5.01-9899

Identification and Significance of Innovation

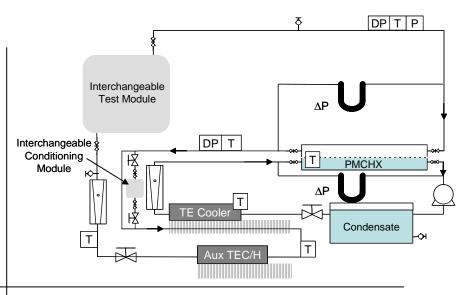
- Closed loop drying prevents release of VOC's into the cabin atmosphere and puts no extra load on the cabin condensate recovery system
- The system is energy-efficient due to enthalpy recovery in the heat pump loop
- The only moving parts are the water pump, blower, and valves when they activate
- · Micro-organisms are deactivated at the start of drying
- Little crew labor is required for handling, as the trash is dried directly in the heat-resistant collection bag and may be compacted afterwards.

Technical Objectives

- •Design and Fabricate Dryer Testbed
- •Characterize Performance of PMCHX
- •Perform Preliminary Application Tests
 - Waste
 - •Laundry
 - •Brine
- •Evaluate Products of Trash Drying
- •Evaluate Biofilm Formation and Control
- •Conduct Preliminary ESM Analysis

Contacts

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NASA Applications

- •Dry ALS wet cabin waste to recover water and reduce waste volume
- •Dry crew laundry
- •Recover water from water reprocessing brines
- •Dry salad machine wastes such as lettuce roots, carrot tops, vegetable
- Trim waste and used nutrient delivery wicks
- Use in a planetary colony for drying food products such as grains or beans
- Improve the efficiency of present-day space PMCHX applications
- Provide an alternative to the condenser-slurper-vortex separator technology

Non-NASA Applications

If the PMCHX heat transfer characteristics prove superior to conventional condensers, PMCHXs could be adopted for terrestrial HPD drying applications